



The Blue Economy in the UK:

revitalisation and further opportunities

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Atlantic Action Plan Workshop,
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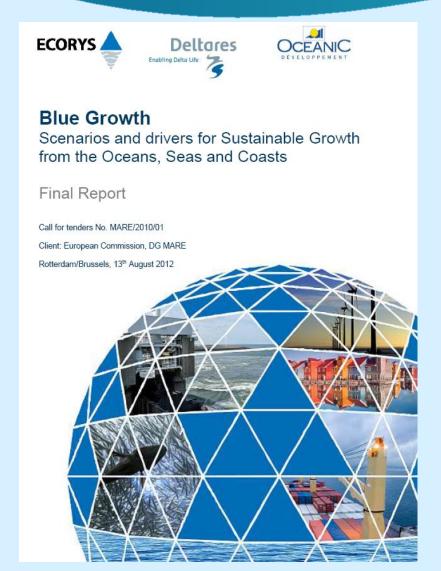


Turning Aspiration into Opportunity

- What is the Blue Economy?
 - And how big
- What is driving Blue Growth?
 - Global needs (eg energy, food)
- How should we respond?
 - Opportunities along value chains



Macro-Economic Analysis



- Analysis can create the 'big picture'
 - Shows the Blue Economy is important
 - Drives top-down policy
- How to influence micro-economic decisions?
 - Bottom-up investment by firms
 - New employment



Blue Growth Markets



Value-chain markets

Vessel construction, propulsion & fuels

Marine equipment & instrumentation

Marine autonomous systems

> Maritime ICT ('Smart Ocean')

Marine & maritime services

Market categories

Transport & logistics

Leisure

Defence & security

Energy resources

Living resources

Mineral resources

Market segments

Shipping & Ports & logistics shipbuilding

Leisure craft, marinas

Cruise

Naval

Surveillan ce

Coastal protection systems

Eco-

Oil & gas

Offshore Wind

Wave & tidal

Biofuels

Fishing

Aquaculture

Blue biotech

Aggregates

Seabed mining



Mature

Growth-phase



Pre-development

UK Blue Economy Size

	Direct GVA	ect GVA Direct jobs		Total jobs
	£B		£B	
Transport & logistics	13.59	265,500	33.91	685,801
Leisure	3.14	100,470	7.50	273,322
Defence & security	3.55	98,245	8.48	267,269
Energy resources	20.37	171,250	48.58	465,551
Living resources	0.81	31,633	1.93	86,055
Mineral resources	0.11	1,670	0.26	4,543
Vessel construction, propulsion & fuels	1.41	37,000	3.60	81,000
Marine equipment & instrumentation	3.57	156,000	8.60	415,775
Marine autonomous systems	0.00	0	0.00	0
Maritime ICT	2.70	<i>26,750</i>	6.45	72,772
Marine & maritime services	2.54	46,550	5.97	135,582
	51.79	935,068	125.29	2,487,670

- Based on an aggregation by MSE of:
 - Oxford Economics analysis of ports, shipping & maritime service (2011)
 - Oxford Economics update of above + marine equipment, ship/boat building, renewable energy & R&D (2012)
 - Crown Estate analysis of all sectors including oil & gas (2005)

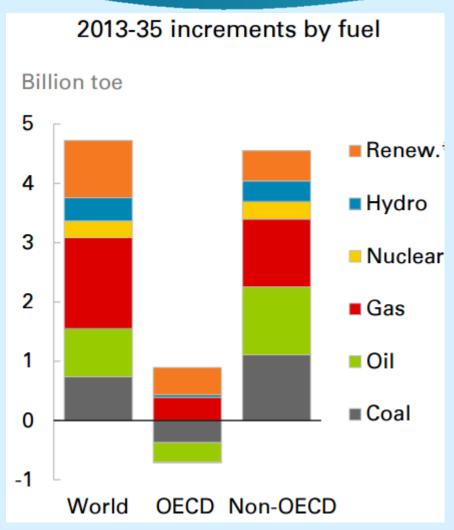


Blue Growth Sectors

- Three examples:
 - Offshore & marine renewable energy
 - Aquaculture
 - Autonomous systems value chain sector



Energy Demand Forecast (BP Energy Outlook 2015)



- OECD countries are forecast to displace oil and coal with gas and renewables
 - Significant role for marine & maritime
- Use that expertise to help minimise projected growth in oil and coal use in non-OECD countries





2. Where are we now?

On the Atlantic european coastal area

5	IRELAND	UK FRANCE		SPAIN	PORTUGAL
CURRENTLY INSTALL FD		3653 MW 3.8 MW 5.2 MW		0.3 MW	2 MW 0.7 MW
TARGET 2020	555 MW 75 MW 16% of renewables	4200 MW 700 MW 15% of renewables	6000 MW 23% of renewables	3000 MW 100 MW 20% of renewables	27 MW 6 MW 31% of renewables



UK Offshore & Marine Renewables

OFFSHORE SITES Pentland Firth strategic area Round 3 wind farm zones

Offshore wind capacity:

- 4 GW in operation
- 12.7 GW under construction or approved
- 5.2 GW in planning

Wave & tidal capacity:

- Currently at tech. demo. stage (10MW)
- Swansea lagoon (320MW) awaiting planning decision
- Cardiff lagoon (1.8 2.8
 GW) at pre-planning



Maritime Value Chains

Planning & feasibility

Design & engineering

Construction

Installation & operation

Decommission & EOL





•Design, engineering, specification, contracting



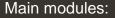
Feasibility & risk:

•Environmental risk assessment, financial, consenting



Modelling & surveying:

Resource assessment, physical& biological surveys



 Structure, mooring system, power train, export system, onshore facility



Sub-systems:

• Sub-structures, machinery, cables & terminations, controls & umbilicals, pipelines & risers



Components & materials:

Instrumentation, valves, fittings, connectors, composites

Marine operations:

 Specialist vessels, intervention planning



Infrastructure:

 Support fleet, port facilities, repair logistics



Availability support:

•Condition monitoring, inspection, maintenance

Maritime Industrial & Science Base

Vessels & marine systems

Autonomous systems & robotics

RTD expertise & facilities

Maritime ICT & big data

Maritime services & advanced skills

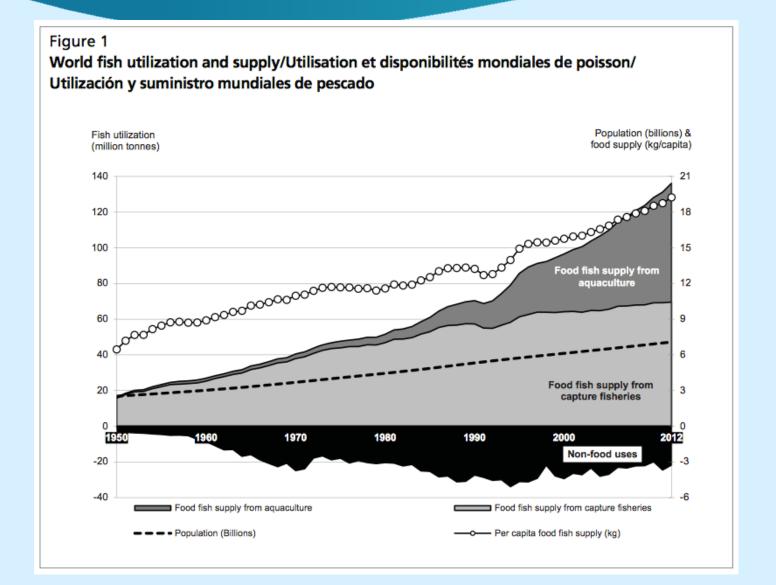


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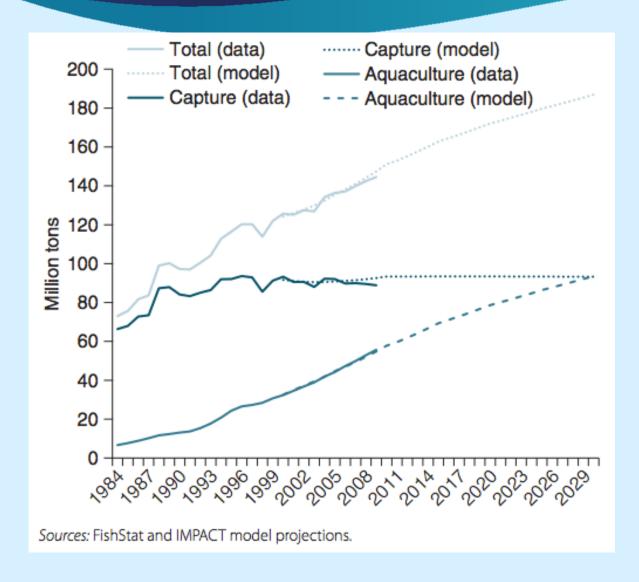


Global Aquaculture Trends (FAO)





Future Opportunities

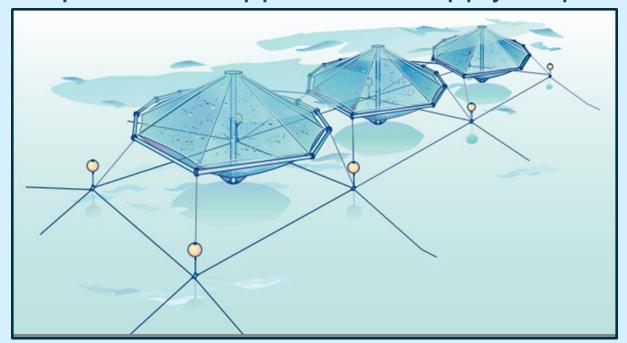


- Aquaculture production to increase from 50MT to 90MT in 15 years
 - Around 8% growth pa
- Assumes level capture production
 - Only with improved productivity
- What are the business opportunities?



Offshore Aquaculture Opportunities

- Mooring & anchoring systems
- Deployment, maintenance, repair, retrieval
- Monitoring, controls, autonomy, unmanned platforms
- Operations support, feed supply, export to shore etc



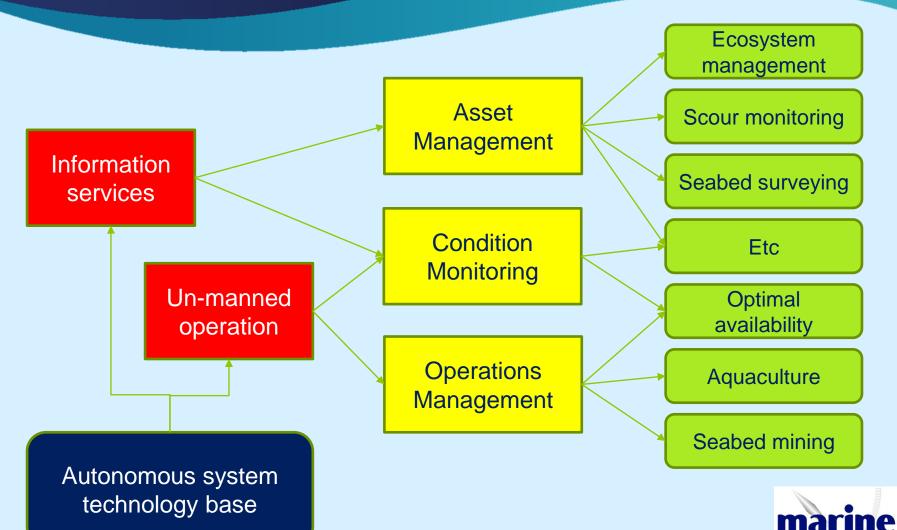


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Autonomy in Blue Economy



Customer Solutions for Scour

- Autonomous scour monitoring:
 - Regular survey to detect trends
 - Low cost no need for expensive ROV support vessel
- Exposures project will advance this technology
 - IT Innovation & MSE running a pilot exercise
 - Market solution using S&T base





Autonomous Systems – Value Chain

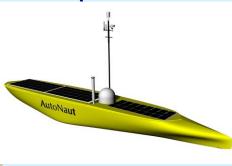
Value Chain serving multiple end-user markets

Components (eg sensors)

Equipment & platforms

Integrated systems

Added-value services





Identification & tracking

Spill response

Asset management

Seabed survey & mining

Fisheries management

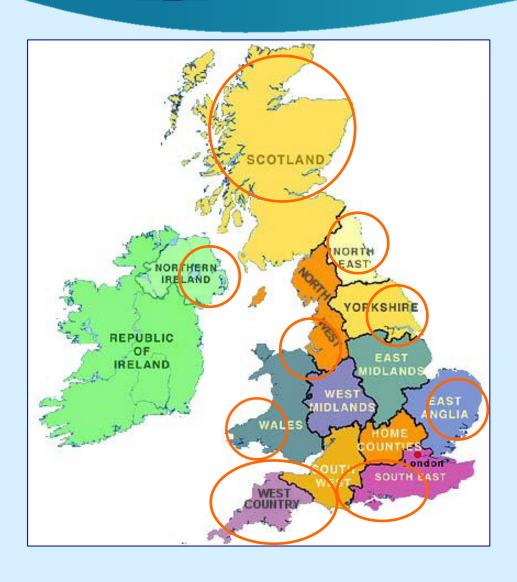


How is UK positioned?

- Large, capable and diversified industry base
- Excellent science base and research infrastructure
- Good commitment to investment in national technology priorities
 - BUT
- Poor alignment with full extent of blue economy
- Investment in blue growth opportunities will be bottom-up. Need to mobilise SMEs
- Scope to join up Catapults (hubs) with existing maritime centres of capability (spokes)



UK Blue Economy Capacity



- Largest in EU but fragmented:
 - Regions
 - Sectors
 - Government depts.
 - Science/Industry/SME
- Create a Blue Economy cluster alliance or Catapult
 - Capture bottom-up strengths
 - Deliver top-down goals
 - Achieve critical mass
 - Present unified capability
 - Provide spokes to existing Catapults



Key Atlantic Regional Clusters



- Key cluster organisations already involved in Atlantic actions:
 - UK (MSE, CMN, Mersey Maritime, Marine Scotland)
 - Ireland (IMERC)
 - Portugal (OceanoXXI)
 - France (PMBA)
 - Spain (Basque energy & maritime)
 - Norway (MaritimT)



Concluding Remarks

- The Blue Economy is growing, offering business opportunities to a wide range of firms
 - Across diverse markets, beyond traditional 'marine' sector
 - Renewable energy, aquaculture (biotech, algae, shellfish, fin-fish), security (defence, ecology), smart logistics etc
 - Along value chains serving multiple end-user markets
- The UK is well-placed to exploit this potential
 - Strong industrial capacity
 - Strong science & technology base
 - Good international links
- But fragmentation is a major barrier
 - Extent of Blue Growth opportunity is not widely recognised
 - Integrated capacity is not promoted (stuck in silos)
- Atlantic Action Plan can support new projects & consortia
 - Focus on real customer needs with Blue Economy value chains
 - Utilise existing 'hubs' (eg Catapults) by linking to delivery organisations working in Atlantic blue economy



Marine South East:

a cluster organisation supporting investment in the Blue Economy of the UK Solent region

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